SOUTHERN UTAH

County Community Data Profile

Vantage Point 2015: 12th District Community Indicators Project
Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco

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Includes data for Beaver County, Garfield County, Iron County, Kane County, Piute County, San Juan County, and Wayne County with comparative data for the United States and Utah
Family Households, 2013
Southern Utah

Source: American Community Survey (ACS) 09-13 (five year set), DP02, of total households (Note: family households include a householder and one or more people in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption.)
Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of total family households
Population with High School Diploma/GED or Above, 2013
Southern Utah

Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 25 yrs and older
Population with Bachelor's Degree or Above, 2013
Southern Utah

Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 25 yrs and older
People who are Veterans, 2013
Southern Utah

Plute County: 15%
Kane County: 13%
Garfield County: 12%
Wayne County: 11%
Beaver County: 9%
Iron County: 8%
San Juan County: 6%

US: 9%
UT: 8%

Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of civilian population 18 yrs and older
People who are Disabled, 2013
Southern Utah

Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of total civilian noninstitutionalized population
Population that Speaks English Less than Very Well, 2013
Southern Utah

- San Juan County: 7%
- Beaver County: 3%
- Garfield County: 2%
- Iron County: 2%
- Piute County: 2%
- Wayne County: 2%
- Kane County: 0%

Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 5 yrs and older
Source: ACS 09-13, B02001, of total population
Population that is Hispanic or Latino, 2013
Southern Utah

US: 17%

UT: 13%

Beaver County: 11%
Piute County: 9%
Iron County: 8%
Garfield County: 5%
San Juan County: 5%
Wayne County: 5%
Kane County: 4%

Source: ACS 09-13, B03003, of total population
Employment Data

**Population Not in Labor Force, 2013**

Southern Utah

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Piute County</td>
<td>49%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Juan County</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kane County</td>
<td>41%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garfield County</td>
<td>38%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron County</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wayne County</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beaver County</td>
<td>34%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US: 36%

UT: 32%

Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of population 16 years and older
Percentage of Labor Force that is Unemployed, 2013
Southern Utah

Iron County: 14%
Beaver County: 11%
Piute County: 9%
San Juan County: 9%
Garfield County: 7%
Kane County: 6%
Wayne County: 4%

US: 10%
UT: 7%

Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of civilian labor force
Population Over Age 16 by Occupation, 2013  Southern Utah

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Management, business, science, arts</th>
<th>Service and sales</th>
<th>Agriculture, construction, repair, production, transportation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Piute County</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kane County</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron County</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Juan County</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wayne County</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garfield County</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beaver County</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>31%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of civilian employed pop 16 years and older
Workers with a Commute to Work Longer than 45 Minutes, 2013
Southern Utah

Source: ACS 09-13, S0801, of workers age 16 and older who do not work at home
Financial Stability Data

Median Household Income, 2013
Southern Utah

Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of total households
Population Living Below the Poverty Line, 2013
Southern Utah

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Poverty Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>San Juan County</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piute County</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron County</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wayne County</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beaver County</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garfield County</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kane County</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of total population
Households Receiving SNAP Benefits, 2013
Southern Utah

Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of total households (Note: SNAP is the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, also known as food stamps)
Households that are Asset Poor or Liquid Asset Poor, 2014
Southern Utah

Source: CFED, Local Data Center Mapping Tool, 2014 (Note: asset poor households are those without sufficient net worth – total assets minus total liabilities – to subsist at the poverty level for three months in the absence of income; liquid asset poor households are those without sufficient liquid assets – money in bank accounts, stocks, mutual funds, and retirement accounts – to subsist at the poverty level for three months in the absence of income.)
Source: CFED, Local Data Center Mapping Tool, 2014 (Note: unbanked households are those without a checking or savings account; and underbanked households are those that have a checking and/or savings account but also used alternative financial services in the past 12 months.)
Housing Data

Households that Moved within Past Year, 2013
Southern Utah

Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 1 year and older
Housing Stock by Type, 2013  Southern Utah

Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of total housing units
Housing Stock by Year Constructed, 2013  Southern Utah

Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of total housing units
Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of occupied housing units
Households with No Personal Vehicles Available, 2013
Southern Utah

Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of occupied housing units
Owner and Renter Households with a Housing Cost Burden, 2013
Southern Utah

Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of owner- / renter-occupied households (Note: A household is considered to have a housing cost burden if it is paying 30 percent or more of its income on housing costs, including rent, utilities, mortgage payments, and insurance)
## Health Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Beaver County</th>
<th>Garfield County</th>
<th>Iron County</th>
<th>Kane County</th>
<th>Plute County</th>
<th>San Juan County</th>
<th>Wayne County</th>
<th>Top US Performers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average self-reported poor mental health days per month</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of children born with low birthweight</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of adults who smoke</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of adults who are obese</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of adults who regularly drink heavily or binge drink alcohol</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proportion of driving deaths with alcohol involvement</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Births to teenagers within the past year per 1,000 females age 15-19</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratio of population to primary care providers</td>
<td>1,099:1</td>
<td>2,572:1</td>
<td>2,749:1</td>
<td>3,629:1</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>1,853:1</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>1,051:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratio of population to dentists</td>
<td>2,167:1</td>
<td>2,548:1</td>
<td>2,125:1</td>
<td>3,611:1</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>1,151:1</td>
<td>684:1</td>
<td>1,392:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratio of population to mental health care providers</td>
<td>1,625:1</td>
<td>1,274:1</td>
<td>632:1</td>
<td>1,204:1</td>
<td>254:1</td>
<td>1,360:1</td>
<td>912:1</td>
<td>521:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of population potentially exposed to drinking water violations</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of population with diabetes</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of households experiencing food insecurity</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homicide deaths per 100,000 population</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJ), County Health Rankings & Roadmaps, 2014