



Guam Affordable Housing Symposium

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

The U.S. Economic Crisis

2007-2010

- U.S. lost 753,000 jobs per month
- Housing prices sank for 30 months straight
- Foreclosures increased to record levels month after month
- National and world economy plunged
- Increase in national debt



The American Promise

If you work hard, you can do well enough to raise a family, own a home, and put a little away for retirement.

A nation where:

- Everyone gets a fair shot
- Everyone does their fair share
- Everyone plays by the same rules

Over the past three years, the accomplishments of HUD and its partners have been significant. Together, we have...

- Helped nearly 1 million homeowners refinance into stable, affordable mortgages
- Foreclosures notices are down by nearly 50% since early 2009
- Insured loans for over 1.8 million homebuyers more than 77 percent of whom were first-time homebuyers
- Prevented homelessness for more than 1.2 million people nationwide, and helped 1-in-5 homeless veterans move from our streets into permanent housing in the last year alone
- Increased the number of families served through HUD rental programs, even in tough fiscal times



Housing and Communities Built to Last

A Rekindling of the American Promise

Keeping the Promise Alive

HUD's FY13 Budget - Housing and Communities Built to Last



HUD's FY 2013 Budget Principles

Bring
Private
Capital
Back into
the
Mortgage
Market

Prioritize
Renewals
to Protect
Current
HUD
Families

Continue
Progress
on
Signature
Initiatives

Reduce
Regulatory
Burdens
and
Increase
Efficiency



75% Rental Assistance provides an ongoing

stream of funding that makes up the gap

between what low-income

tenants can afford to

pay in rent and the cost of operating housing





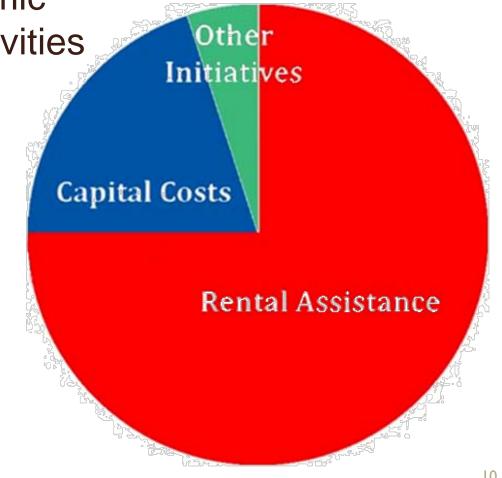
●20% Capital Costs allow HUD to partner with communities

to develop and repair affordable housing

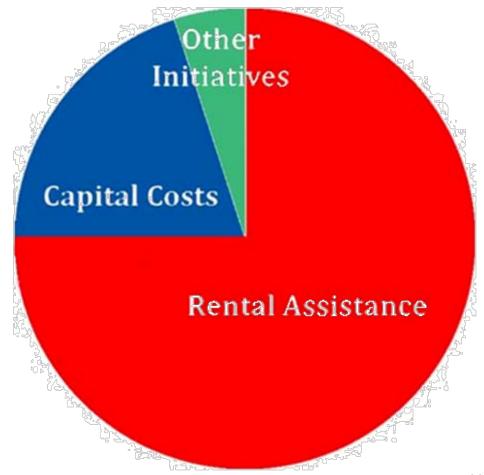
or support economic

development activities

and infrastructure



•5% Other Initiatives include a diverse array of programs, including programs to address homelessness.





An economy built to last by strengthening the housing market.

Program (\$ in millions)	2012 Enacted	2013 President's Budget	2013 Senate Markup	2013 House Markup
FHA Loan Guarantee				
Limitation Level	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Ginnie Mae Loan Guarantee Limitation Level	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000



A commitment to assist extremely-low & low income households.

Program (\$ in millions)	2012 Enacted	2013 President's Budget	2013 Senate Markup	2013 House Markup
Tenant Based Rental Assistance	\$18,914	\$19,074	\$19,396	\$19,134
Project Based Section 8 Contracts (Housing)	\$9,340	\$8,700	\$9,876	\$8,700
Public Housing Operating Fund	\$3,962	\$4,524	\$4,591	\$4,524
Public Housing Capital Fund	\$1,875	\$2,070	\$1,985	\$1,985
HOME	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,200



Building inclusive and sustainable communities free from discrimination.

	Program (\$ in millions)	2012 Enacted	2013 President's Budget	2013 Senate Markup	2013 House Markup
	CDBG	\$3,308	\$3,143	\$3,210	\$3,404
	FHEO	\$71	\$68	\$68	\$68
	Native American Housing Block Grants	\$650	\$650	\$650	\$650
	Choice Neighborhoods/ HOPE VI	\$120	\$150	\$120	\$0



Assisting those who need the special help.

10 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Program (\$ in millions)	2012 Enacted	2013 President's Budget	2013 Senate Markup	2013 House Markup
50 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	Housing for the Elderly Section 202	\$375	\$475	\$375	\$425
2 3 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Housing for Persons with Disabilities (Section 811)	\$165	\$150	\$150	\$165
***	Housing Opportunities for People with AIDS (HOPWA)	\$332	\$330	\$330	\$330
H H H H	Homeless Assistance Grants	\$1,901	\$2,231	\$2,146	\$2,000
0.50.50.50.50	HUD VASH Vouchers	\$75	\$75	\$75	\$75

Sustainable Regional Planning Grant Program



- Program supports metropolitan and multijurisdictional planning
- Integrates housing, land use, economic and workforce development, transportation, and infrastructure investments in a manner that empowers jurisdictions to consider the interdependent challenges of:
 - economic competitiveness and revitalization
 - social equity, inclusion, and access to opportunity
 - energy use and climate change
 - public health and environmental impact



Co-leaders with HUD in the Partnership for Sustainable Communities:

- U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Supports metropolitan and multijurisdictional planning efforts that

- integrate housing
- land use
- economic and workforce development
- transportation and infrastructure investments



Community Development and Investment



Oakland, CA — An example of planned economic development



Central District Project

- The Central District Project Area is an economic and transportation hub for the San Francisco-Oakland Metropolitan Area.
- The area includes nearly 30 office buildings totaling approximately 9.5 million square feet and three Bay Area Rapid Transit (BART) stations.
- More than 40 bus lines connect the Central
 District Project Area with other parts of Oakland and nearby communities.



Project Goals:

- Work jointly with local transit community and BART on the implementation of the MacArthur Transit Village project, including starting construction of the replacement BART parking structure.
- Complete construction of street improvement projects in the MacArthur Transit Village Project area and on San Pablo Avenue
- Complete commercial property improvements through the Façade Improvement Program and the Tenant Improvement Program

- Complete Neighborhood Project Initiative Program grants for small-scale capital improvement projects in the Redevelopment Project Area
- Work with community to adopt a Redevelopment Plan amendment to add the Lowell/Golden Gate/Gaskill neighborhood to the Project Area

San Francisco, CA — Another example



Yerba Buena Center

- The Redevelopment Area included a chaotic combination of land uses characterized by:
 - Blight which included residential, commercial, and industrial buildings unfit and unsafe for occupancy
 - Overcrowded dwelling units
 - Inadequate provision for ventilation, light and sanitation

- Incompatible mixtures of commercial, industrial, and residential uses
- Rapidly shifting uses
- Inadequate loading and parking facilities
- Economic dislocation and stagnation

Project Goals:

- Rehabilitation, alteration, modernization, general improvement or any combination thereof of existing structures.
- Acquisition of real property by purchase, gift, devise, exchange, condemnation or any other lawful means.
- Relocation of the occupants presently residing in acquired structures.

- Installation of public plazas, pedestrian ways, pedestrian over-passes, and other necessary site improvements, utilities and facilities.
- Formulation and administration of rules and regulations for owner participation.
- Formulation and administration of rules governing reasonable preference to persons engaged in business in the project.

Housing:

- New housing in the Yerba Buena Center Redevelopment Project Area provides residences for people of all incomes including low, moderate and market-rate rental and condominium units.
- There are over 2,500 new housing units in Yerba Buena, and more than 1,400 of them are for low to moderate-income residents

Central Blocks

- There are three "Central Blocks" within Yerba Buena Center, which comprise 22 acres.
- The uses for these blocks now include three major hotels, 6 acres of gardens, retail, recreational, amusement, entertainment, parking, cultural facilities and a five-acre children's center.

Guam — Challenges and opportunities for the future



Challenges

- International economic recession/recovery
- Tourism and jobs
- Long term sustainable community development
- Sources of renewable energy
- Developing and maintaining infrastructure
- Business/commercial development and jobs

Challenges - continued

- Affordable housing
- Preservation of natural resources
- Severe storm conditions
- U.S. military build up

Opportunities

- Tourism great island environment with ideal climate
- Preservation of the Chamorro culture and Guam's rich history
- Opportunities for sustainable community development and Green projects that provide affordable housing

Opportunities - continued

- Energized business/commercial environment
- Development of innovative projects to protect natural resources and infrastructure
- Working well with all partners to plan
- U.S. military presence and contributions to community

Guam can have a great future, but it depends on what you do now to prepare for the future.



Imagine a future with:

- •Full employment and job opportunities for all
- Business investments in sustainable communities
- Quality housing for all
- Stable, clean and healthy natural resources and environment
- Sustainable and renewable energy
- Innovative, reliable infrastructure

The future belongs to Guam

