

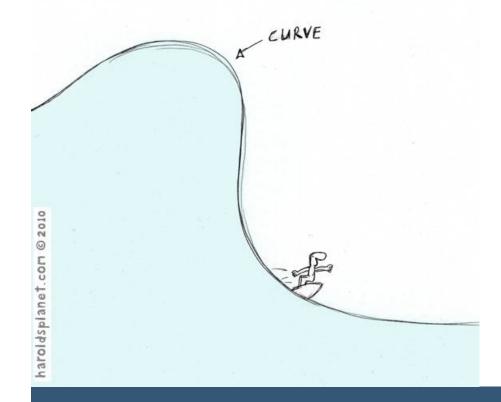


- Introductions
- Early Warning Systems
- Putting the Profit in Nonprofit

### Early-Warning Systems







- What is your risk appetite?
- What risk(s) does this project pose?
- Does it align with your risk appetite?



Feasibilit	У	
Predevelo	pment	
Construct	ion	
Operation	ıs	
Year 15/E	End of Compliance	



## Feasibility

Develop go/no-go criteria

Create internal underwriting guidelines



## Mission/Core Competency

Geographic area

Project type

Constituents

## Risks/Rewards

X amount of developer fees

Guarantees

< X% corporate assets

Strong likelihood of obtaining funding





THRESHOLD	MODEL			
RISKS	RISKS			
<ul> <li>Guarantees must be less than% of corporate assets</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Guarantees must be less than ( 5)% of corporate assets</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Strong likelihood of obtaining funding as measured by a score of at least based on the state Housing Finance Agency's scoring system for projects</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Score of based on the state HFA's scoring system for projects</li> </ul>			
Projected positive cash flow for 15 years after stabilization without recapitalization	<ul> <li>Projected positive cash flow for 25 years after stabilization without recapitalization</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Projected operations generate enough cash to pay for property management and asset management fees</li> </ul>				
	No carrying costs if project not funded			
	No political costs			
REWARDS	REWARDS			
• ≤ 50% of developer fee is deferred	No developer fee deferred			
• ≥ \$ amount of developer fee*	• \$1 million anticipated developer fee			
	<ul> <li>Projected operations generate \$ amount annual surplus cash after accounting for cost of services</li> </ul>			
	Strengthens community and/or political support			



## Feasibility

### Staff

• prepares report demonstrating whether or not a project meets go/no-go criteria

### Senior Management

- recommends go/no-go criteria
- reviews and approves report to the board or board real estate committee on whether or not a project meets go/no-go criteria

### Board

- adopts go/nogo criteria
- approves projects based on go/no-go criteria



## Create Internal Financial Underwriting Guidelines

Realistic revenue and expense trending

Inclusion of all fees – asset management, property management, resident services

Long-term property performance



## Predevelopment

Review risk criteria at various milestones

- Preacquisition spending over X amount or beyond specific items that the board has approved
- Entering into a contract over X% of the organization's liquid assets

Mitigate risk at acquisition



## Predevelopment

### Staff

• prepares
report
demonstrating
whether or not
a project
meets go/nogo criteria
when a
triggering
event occurs

### Senior Management

• reviews and approves report to the board or project review committee on whether or not a project still meets go/no-go criteria

### Board

- determines
   which
   triggering
   events require
   review
- approves at those junctures



## Construction

Use risk categories to prioritize focus of monitoring

Risk category criteria



# Risk Categories

On Target: the project requires no special action, and should continue as planned

Monitor Closely: the project faces major problems that will need further action if the problems are not remedied

Workout: the project faces serious problems that require action and decision making by the board and senior management



## Risk Category Criteria

Scope

Schedule

Sources and Uses

Tax Credit Adjusters



### Construction

### Staff

manages
 construction
 projects, and
 provides
 updates to the
 board,
 including the
 risk status

### Senior Management

 reviews and approves report to the board on risk status, and makes day-today risk mitigating decisions

### Board

• determines acceptable financial (and other) risk level of projects, and how to address projects that have exceeded acceptable risk levels.



## Operations

Create a dashboard to provide at-a-glance information

Include performance categories in the dashboard

Performance criteria



# Performance Categories

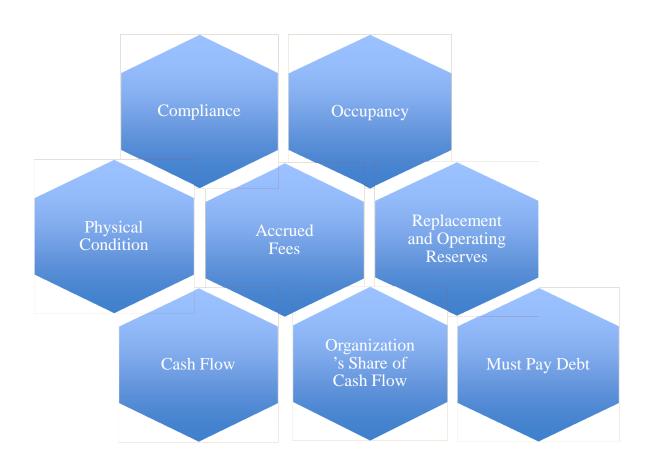
Performing: require no special action and limited board review

Watch List: are at risk, and should be monitored more frequently, with appropriate actions taken as needed

Workout: face serious problems that require action and decision-making by the board and senior management

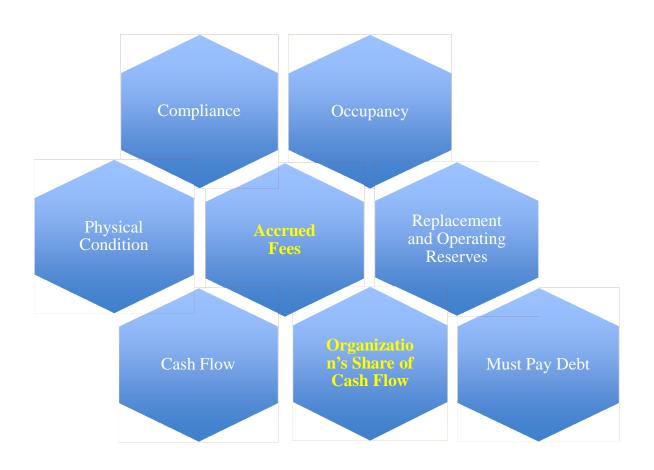
## Operations – Dashboard criteria





## Operations – Dashboard criteria







	Proj	ject	Green Briar	Middle City	View Point	Wiggin	Quimby	Bella Vista	Chateau	Whitby
Units		180	185	24	115	106	64	40	100	
	Occupancy		95% - A	98% - A	80% - C	95% - A	85% - B	64% - C	99% - A	99% - A
Reserves		5 mths - B	6 mths - A	7 mths - A	4 mths - B	8 mths - A	4 mths - B	2 mths - C	1 mth - C	
	Debt Service		Α	A	Α	Α	Α	Α	В	Α
Accrued Fees		Α	А	Α	A	В	С	C	С	
	Cash Flow		А	A	A	A	В	С	Α	С
CF to Sponsor		\$3,655	\$0	\$89,017	\$1,543	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Compliance		Α	Α	Α	Α	В	Α	Α	Α	
Physical Condition		С	Α	В	В	В	Α	C	В	
	Ta	xes	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α
Scores		Α	6	7	5	6	3	4	4	4
	Current	В	1	1	2	2	5	1	1	1
		C	1	0	1	0	0	3	3	3
	12 months prior	Α	3	6	5	6	6	4	3	5
		В	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	1
		C	2	0	1	0	0	2	2	2
	months	Α	1	5	6	7	7	5	4	6
		В	4	2	2	1	0	2	1	2
		C	3	1	0	0	1	1	3	0
	Notes		Imp planned for 2012		All vacant units have applicants			Occupancy Increasing	Restructur- ing Debt	



## Operations

#### Staff

prepares the portfolio dashboard report to the board on projects in operations with recommendations for action on Watch List and Workout properties

### Senior Management

- reviews and approves dashboard report to the board
- Monitors trends in a portfolio and property specific performance, and makes the day-today risk mitigating decisions

### Board

provides
 expectations for
 the portfolio as a
 whole, monitors
 portfolio
 performance and
 provides
 leadership for
 underperforming
 projects



## Year 15/End of Compliance

Perform analysis of properties starting in Year 5

The board needs to know:

- Status of limited partner accounts
- Projected value of the property at Year 15
- Debt and potential for refinancing
- Cost of capital improvements and deferred maintenance
- Potential tax liability for the investor upon exit
- Project reserve balances



• www.EnterpriseCommunity.org/strengthen

• Questions?

