#### **Snapshot**

# Wildfire Smoke in the Phoenix Metro Area

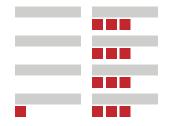
Wildfires have been increasing in frequency, duration, and intensity, measurably affecting communities. Heavy smoke is denser and more likely to be harmful or disruptive. Wildfire smoke can travel thousands of miles, potentially impacting industrial and commercial centers far from fires.

### How is wildfire smoke changing?

A "person-day" (one person being under smoke for one day) describes the potential impact of smoke to a region. The annual average person-days of heavy smoke in the Phoenix metro **increased 1,041**% in 2017-2021, compared to 2011-2015.

The average person in the Phoenix metro area went from experiencing about 1 day per year of medium smoke overhead to an average of 7 days per year in the second half of the decade.

Heavy smoke in the Phoenix metro area went from about 1 day every 4 years to about 3 days each year.



## Possible economic impact of wildfire smoke

Wildfire smoke is more likely to disrupt and harm frontline workers. The Phoenix region, home to 430,000 frontline workers, experienced more than 3.5 million frontline worker-days of heavy smoke in 2021.

	Utilities, Warehousing & Transportation	Agriculture, Fishing & Mining	Construction	Manufacturing
% of the industry in frontline jobs	58%	64%	71%	44%
frontline workers as % of Phoenix workforce	6%	<1%	7%	8%
industry's economic output (2020)	\$13B	\$2.3B	\$16B	\$24B

#### Prioritizing resilience through the Community Reinvestment Act (CRA)

Communities that experience dramatic increases in disruptive smoke—such as low- and moderate-income and underserved or distressed communities—may be eligible for existing financing programs through the CRA that could help build resilience to smoke-related damages.



