

SNAPSHOT CHILD CARE IN UTAH

Child Care is Critical for Utah's Workforce

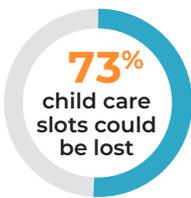
 **54%** of children under 6 have all available parents in the labor force, up from 50% ten years ago.¹

Child Care is Critical for Reducing Gender and Racial Disparities in Economic Participation

 **55%** of mothers with children under 6 participate in the labor force in UT.²

64% of Black mothers with children under 6 participate in the labor force in UT.³

COVID-19 Poses a New Threat to the Child Care Sector



Capacity is declining in UT⁴

73% of child care slots could be lost. Pre-pandemic in UT there were 5.7 children for every available slot. With COVID closures that number could go as high as 21.1.



Provider costs are increasing in UT⁵

Center-based providers' costs are estimated to increase by **27%**.

Family-based providers' costs are estimated to increase by **69%**.

The Child Care Sector Was Struggling Prior to COVID-19

Child care workers struggled to make ends meet

9% of child care workers in UT lived in poverty.⁶



7% of White workers
15% of Hispanic workers



Child care is hard to find for many families

77% of people in UT were living in a child care desert.¹⁰

Costs of providing care were high in UT⁷

\$1,180/month for center-based infant care
\$840/month for center-based toddler care
\$540/month for family-based care

Subsidies were insufficient⁸

 Monthly gap between subsidy and cost to provider, per child⁹

\$422

Child care is hard to afford

A minimum wage worker in UT spends **66%** of their earnings on child care, on average.¹¹



Child Care Is Important to the Economy

Yet only 13% of low-income eligible families in UT receive federal subsidies.¹²

SNAPSHOT

CHILD CARE IN UTAH

Endnotes

- 1 U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey: 2009 (1-Year Estimate) and 2019 (1-Year Estimate).
- 2 U.S. Census Bureau. IPUMS microdata, American Community Survey: 2014-2018 (5-year Estimate).
- 3 Black racial category consists of Non-Hispanic individuals. U.S. Census Bureau. IPUMS microdata, American Community Survey: 2014-2018 (5-year Estimate).
- 4 Workman, Simon, and Steven Jessen-Howard. "Coronavirus Pandemic Could Lead to Permanent Loss of Nearly 4.5 Million Child Care Slots." Center for American Progress, April 24, 2020. <https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/early-childhood/news/2020/04/24/483817/coronavirus-pandemic-lead-permanent-loss-nearly-4-5-million-child-care-slots/>
- 5 Workman, Simon, and Steven Jessen-Howard. "The True Cost of Providing Safe Child Care During the Coronavirus Pandemic." Center for American Progress, September 3, 2020. <https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/early-childhood/reports/2020/09/03/489900/true-cost-providing-safe-child-care-coronavirus-pandemic/>
- 6 White racial category consists of Non-Hispanic individuals. U.S. Census Bureau. IPUMS microdata, American Community Survey: 2014-2018 (5-year Estimate).
- 7 Workman, Simon and Steven Jessen-Howard. "Understanding the True Cost of Child Care for Infants and Toddlers." Center for American Progress, November 15, 2018. <https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/early-childhood/reports/2018/11/15/460970/understanding-true-cost-child-care-infants-toddlers/>
- 8 Workman, Simon. "Where Does Your Child Care Dollar Go?" Center for American Progress, February 14, 2018. <https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/early-childhood/reports/2018/02/14/446330/child-care-dollar-go/>
- 9 Based on state subsidy for infant center-based providers. Workman, Simon and Steven Jessen-Howard. "Understanding the True Cost of Child Care for Infants and Toddlers." Center for American Progress, November 15, 2018. <https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/early-childhood/reports/2018/11/15/460970/understanding-true-cost-child-care-infants-toddlers/>
- 10 "Do You Live in a Child Care Desert?" Center for American Progress, 2018. <https://childcaredeserts.org/2018/index.html>
- 11 "Child Care Costs in the United States." Economic Policy Institute, October 2020. <https://www.epi.org/child-care-costs-in-the-united-states/#/>
- 12 Estimated percentage of eligible families receiving subsidies through the Federal Child Care and Development Block Grant based on state eligibility parameters. Ullrich, Rebecca, Stephanie Schmit, and Ruth Cosse. "Inequitable Access to Child Care Subsidies." The Center for Law and Social Policy (CLASP), April 2019. https://www.clasp.org/sites/default/files/publications/2019/04/2019_inequitableaccess.pdf

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